EVIDENCE-BASED ARGUMENTS CRITERIA CHECKLIST GRADES 6-12 (PART 1)		√	COMMENTS
I. CONTENT AND ANALYSIS An EBA presents a clear, meaningful position that arises from a comprehensive understanding of an issue and is based on valid claims/ premises and supported by relevant evidence.	Clarity and Relevance: Purposefully states a precise position that is linked to a clearly identified context (topic, problem, issue) that establishes its relevance.		
	Conformity to Sources: Presents a position that arises from central ideas and evidence found in a range of diverse, credible and significant sources.		
	Understanding of the Issue: Presents a position based on a comprehensive understanding of the issue, and establishes a series of valid claims/premises that emerge from reasoned analysis.		
	Acknowledgement of Other Perspectives: Recognizes opposing or alternate claims and distinguishes these claims from the stated position. (not a CCSS requirement at 6th grade)		
II. COMMAND OF EVIDENCE	Reasoning: Links evidence and claims/premises together logically in ways that lead to the conclusions expressed in the position.		
An EBA is supported by sufficient evidence and developed through valid reasoning.	Use of Evidence: Supports each claim/premise with valid inferences based on credible evidence.		
	Thoroughness and Objectivity: Represents a comprehensive understanding of the issue where the argument's claims/premises and supporting evidence fairly addresses relevant counterclaims and discusses conflicting evidence. (addressing counterclaims is not a CCSS requirement at 6th grade)		





EVIDENCE-BASED ARGUMENTS CRITERIA CHECKLIST GRADES 6-12 (PART 2)		√	COMMENTS
III. COHERENCE AND ORGANIZATION An EBA organizes supported claims/premises in a unified and logical way that clearly expresses the validity of the position.	Relationships Among Parts: Establishes clear and logical relationships among the position, claims/ premises and supporting evidence.		
	Effectiveness of Structure: Adopts an organizational strategy, including an introduction and conclusion, which clearly and compellingly communicates the argument.		
IV. CONTROL OF LANGUAGE AND CONVENTIONS	Clarity of Communication: Is communicated clearly and coherently. The writer's opinions are clearly distinguished from objective summaries and statements.		
An EBA is communicated clearly and responsibly with use and citation of supporting evidence.	Word Choice/Vocabulary: Uses topic specific terminology appropriately and precisely.		
	Style/Voice: Maintains a formal and objective tone appropriate to an intended audience. The use of words, phrases, clauses, and varied syntax draws attention to key ideas and reinforces relationships among ideas.		
	Responsible Use of Evidence: Cites evidence in a responsible manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. Quotes sufficient evidence exactly, or paraphrase accurately, referencing precisely where the evidence can be found.		
	Conventions of Writing: Illustrates consistent command of standard, grade-level-appropriate writing conventions.		



